

Republic of Trinidad and Tobago

The primary environmental law in Republic of Trinidad and Tobago is the 'Environmental Management Act (2000)' that was first introduced in 1995 and was amended in 2000. Under the Act, the Environment Management Authority (EMA) proposed legislation on air pollution control - 'The Air Pollutants Rules (2005)'. The Rules set the air quality standards and emission standards for air pollutants emitted from combustion plants and industrial processes. The public comment period for The Draft Air Pollutants Rules ended on 11 Nov 2005.

Stack release limits

pollutant	emission limit value (mg/m ³)
particulate matter	100*
SO ₂	1000
NO _x (as NO ₂)	500

* For fuel-burning facilities the exhaust gas is adjusted to a basis of 12% CO₂.